# Guidelines For Estimating Organic Backgrounding Costs

For Weight Range of 575 - 900 lbs Based on 150 Head

Date:

January, 2009

The following is an estimate of the costs of production associated with organic backgrounding feeder calves. The purpose of this budget is to assist Manitoba livestock producers to calculate their own costs and take into consideration the factors that should be included when budgeting to determine breakeven prices.

For the purposes of this budge, backgrounding refers to the feeding and managing of retained organic calves of the same operation from weaning until they are put onto a finishing ration. In general calves fed from weaning to 800-900 pounds are referred to as background feeders. An example of a typical backgrounding operation would be, feed 575 pound steers to gain 1.5-2.5 pounds per day for approximately 100-250 days to produce 800-900 pound backgrounded feeders.

The assumptions on which costs are calculated are clearly defined in the supporting pages. When interpreting these costs for an individual situation, adjustments may be required. Note that on farm feed costs are based on market prices at the farm. It is assumed that all feed is grown on the farm, except for supplements. Each assumption must be examined and adjustments made where necessary, to apply to the producer's own situation.

**Disclaimer**: This budget is only a guide and is not intended as an in depth study of the cost of production of the Manitoba cattle industry. Interpretation and utilization of this information is the responsibility of the user. If you require assistance with developing your individual budget, please contact your local MAFRI Business Development Specialist or Livestock Farm Production Extension Specialist.



#### Overview of the Organic Livestock Industry in Manitoba

The organic farming sector has seen growth in recent years in response to increased consumer demand for organic food products.

Producers have experienced price premiums above conventionally produced livestock, which compensates for the higher input costs related to organic feed.

One of the basic requirements of the organic production system is that 'prohibited substances such as synthetic fertilizers and pesticides must not have been used for at least 36 months before the harvest of any crop'.

To transition livestock to certified organic, animals must be fed an organic ration for a minimum of the third trimester before calving. An individual beef animal must be managed according to the organic standards beginning no later than the start of the last third gestation period (of the dam) (CAN/CGSB-32.310-2006, 6.2.2). The individual cattle in the original conventional herd will never receive organic status, and they cannot be sold for slaughter as organic, nor can their meat be sold or represented as organic. However, they can receive the status of "Organic Breeding Stock", which designates that they are managed organically and that their offspring will be eligible for full "Organic" status (CAN/CGSB-32.310-2006, 6.2).

This budget shows transfer of calves from an organic cow calf operation rather than being purchased at the market.

Certified organic livestock must be certified to government-regulated standards on an annual basis by a certification agency. Land must be certified because livestock must have access to pastures, and the pastures must be certified organic (CAN/CGSB-32.310-2006 6.1.3).

Manure from organic cattle must be composted for a period of 6-12 months prior to being spread on organic land, though this requirement may vary by certifying agency. Manure from conventional cattle must be composted for a period of 24-36 months prior to being spread on organic land, though this requirement may vary by certifying agency.

For more information on all aspects of the organic industry, check out the Organic Agriculture page on the MAFRI website at: http://www.gov.mb.ca/agriculture/organic

#### Organic Backgrounding Cattle Production Cost Summary, January, 2009

A. Operating Costs	Conventional	Organic	Your Cost
1. Feed Costs			
1.01 Ground Barley	\$53.69	\$97.50	
1.02 Barley Silage	\$71.00	\$85.68	
1.03 Hay	\$2.06	\$2.44	
1.04 Supplement	\$16.80	\$18.61	
Total Feed Costs	\$143.55	\$204.23	
2. Other Operating Costs			
2.01 Feeder Cost	\$751.81	\$835.19	
2.02 Straw	\$5.20	\$5.76	
2.03 Veterinary Medicine & Supplies	\$26.70	\$11.13	
2.04 Annual Fuel & Repair Costs	\$6.00	\$6.00	
2.05 Utilities	\$3.80	\$3.80	
2.06 Feeder Selling Cost	\$34.00	\$20.50	
2.07 Insurance	\$1.59	\$1.59	
2.08 Manure Removal	\$6.40	\$6.40	
2.09 Barn & Office Supplies	\$3.33	\$3.33	
2.10 Death Loss	\$17.00	\$17.84	
Subtotal Operating Costs	\$999.38	\$1,115.77	
2.11 Operating Interest	\$20.27	\$24.59	
Total Operating Costs	\$1,019.65	\$1,140.36	
B. Fixed Costs			
3. Depreciation			
3.01 Buildings	\$5.63	\$5.63	
3.02 Machinery & Equipment	\$12.48	\$12.48	
4. Investment			
4.01 Buildings	\$2.75	\$2.75	
4.02 Machinery & Equipment	\$3.74	\$3.74	
Total Fixed Costs	\$24.60	\$24.60	
Total Operating and Fixed Costs	\$1,044.25	\$1,164.96	
C. Labour	\$22.00	\$22.00	
Total Cost of Production	\$1,066.25	\$1,186.96	
Cost per lb of gain sold	\$/cwt	\$/cwt	
Feed Costs	\$52.97	\$75.36	
Operating Costs	\$98.83	\$112.61	
Operating Costs & Labour	\$106.95	\$120.73	
Operating & Fixed Costs	\$107.91	\$121.69	
Total Costs	\$116.03	\$129.80	
Breakeven Selling Price			
Operating Costs	\$120.53	\$134.79	
Operating Costs & Labour	\$123.13	\$137.39	
Operating & Fixed Costs	\$123.43	\$137.70	
Total Costs	\$126.03	\$140.30	
	3)-		

**Disclaimer:** This budget is only a guide and is not intended as an in-depth study of the cost of production of this industry. Interpretation and utilization of this information is the responsibility of the user. No liability for decisions based on this publication is assumed.

#### **Conventional Assumptions**

- 1. Average daily gain (ADG) was assumed to be 2.5 lbs/day.
- 2. It was assumed the feeder steer weighed in at 575 lbs. shrunk weight, and was raised to 900 lbs (846 lbs after 6 % shrink).
- 3. Days on feed was 130.
- 4. Investment in facilities and equipment was assumed to handle 150 head.

#### **Backgrounding Cattle Production Cost Worksheet**

A. Operating Costs			Your Cost
1. Feed Costs 1.01 Ground Barley	130.00 6.50 48.00 \$3.05 \$53.69	days on ground barley lbs/feeder/day lbs/bu /bu /feeder	
1.02 Barley Silage	130.00 34.00 2000.00 \$32.00 \$71.00	days on silage lbs/feeder/day lbs/ton /ton /feeder	
1.03 Hay  ×  ÷  × =	15.00 5.00 2000.00 \$55.00 \$2.06	days on hay lbs/feeder/day lbs/ton /ton /feeder	
1.04 Supplement( Salt,N × ÷ × × =	130.00 1.00 2205.00 \$285.00 \$16.80	mins, lonophore) days on supplement lbs/feeder/day lbs/tonne /tonne /feeder	

Other Operating Costs			
2.01 Feeder Cattle Cost			
Commission	\$0.00	/feeder	
Insurance	\$0.00	/feeder	
Trucking-in	\$0.00	/cwt	
X	575	lbs/feeder	
主	100	lbs/cwt	
=	\$0.00	/feeder	
Feeder	575	lbs/feeder	
X	\$130.75	/cwt	
	100	lbs/cwt	
÷ =	\$751.81	/feeder	
_	Ψ/31.01	/leedel	
Total =	\$751.81	/feeder	
2.02 Straw			
	4.00	lbs/feeder/day	-
X	130.00	days on feed	
X	\$20.00	<u>/ton</u>	
=	\$5.20	/feeder	
2.03 Veterinary Medicine	& Supplies	<b>;</b>	
Cattle Medication	_		
	\$4.80	IBR,BVD,PI3,BRSV,Pastearella	
+	\$0.65	Vitamin A-D	
+	\$2.11	External & Internal Parasites	
+	\$2.30	Blackleg & Haemophilus	
+	\$1.71	Growth Implants	
<u>+</u>	\$4.00	Antibiotics	
=	\$15.57	/feeder	
Herd Health Program			
Professional Services			
	\$135.00	/hour charge	
X	10.00	hours	
± : =	150.00	feeder cattle	-
=	\$9.00	/feeder	
Transportation Costs	<b>0.1.00</b>		
	\$1.00	/km charge	
X	80	kilometres	***
X	4	visits	
÷ =	150	<u>feeder cattle</u>	
=	\$2.13	/feeder	

Total =	\$26.70	/feeder	
2.04 Annual Fuel &	Repair Costs		
	\$300.00	repairs	
+	\$600.00	fuel costs	-
÷	150	feeder cattle	
=	\$6.00	/feeder	
2.05 Utilities			
	\$570.00	cost/year	
<u>÷</u> =	<u>150</u>	feeder cattle	
=	\$3.80	/feeder	
2.06 Feeder Selling	Cost		
Trucking			
	900	lbs/feeder	
÷	100	lbs/cwt	
X	\$1.50	trucking cost/cwt	
=	\$13.50	/feeder	
MCEC Fee, MCPA le	vv. selling commi	ssion	
WOLO 1 CC, WO 17 1C	\$2.00	MCEC Fee	
+	\$3.00	MCPA Levy	
<u>+</u>	\$15.50	commission	
=	\$20.50	/feeder	
Total =	\$34.00	/feeder	
2.07 Insurance			
	\$42,150	building & equipment investment	
X	\$0.45	/\$100 capital	
÷	100	/\$100	
÷	<u>150</u>	feeder cattle	
=	\$1.26	/feeder	
	\$121,186	herd investment	
X	\$0.00	/\$100 capital	
÷	100	/\$100	
<u> </u>	<u>150</u>	feeder cattle	
=	\$0.00	/feeder	
	\$49.00	additional coverage for liability	
÷	<u>150</u>	feeder cattle	
=	\$0.33	/feeder	

Total =	\$1.59	/feeder	
2.08 Manure Removal	\$960	annual removal cost	
<u>:</u> =	\$6.40	feeder cattle /feeder	
2.09 Barn & Office Suppl	ies		
÷	\$500.00 150	total barn expenses feeder cattle	
<u>÷</u> =	\$3.33	/feeder	
2.10 Death Loss			
	\$751.81	feeder cattle cost	
+	\$982.38	maximum value	
-	\$34.00	selling costs	
÷	2.00	average	
<u>X</u>	\$1 <b>7.00</b>	% mortality rate /feeder	
2.11 Operating Interest			
(Operating interest is charge	ged on one h	nalf the subtotal operating costs)	
	\$751.81	feeder cost	
+	\$123.79	1/2 of feed & other costs	
×	6.50	% operating interest	
X	130.00	days on feed	
÷	365.00	days /year	
=	\$20.27	/feeder	

## **Capital Costs**

Buildings, Corrals & Water Windbreak fence Pens Handling Facilities Waterers Bunk Feeders Well & Pressure System Grain Bin Landscaping Total	System		\$2,700 \$1,600 \$1,800 \$1,650 \$6,000 \$1,400 \$1,200 \$2,400 <b>\$18,750</b>	
Machinery & Equipment Tractor & Loader Miscellaneous Total  Total Investment			\$10,000 \$13,400 \$23,400 \$42,150	
3.01 Buildings \$ - ÷	- Salvage ul Life 518,750 \$1,875 20.00 150.00 \$5.63	Value  original cost salvage value years useful life feeder cattle /feeder		
- ÷ <u>÷</u>	nt 523,400 \$4,680 10.00 <u>150.00</u> <b>\$12.48</b>	original cost salvage value years useful life feeder cattle /feeder		

4. Investment Original C	<u>ost + Salvage V</u>	alue x Investment Rate	
	2		
4.01 Buildings			
	\$18,750	original cost	
+	\$1,875	salvage value	
÷	2.00	average	
X	4.00	% investment rate	
主	<u>150.00</u>	feeder cattle	
=	\$2.75	/feeder	
4.02 Machinery & Ed	quipment		
	\$23,400	original cost	
+	\$4,680	salvage value	
÷	2.00	average	
X	4.00	% investment rate	
÷	<u>150.00</u>	feeder cattle	
=	\$3.74	/feeder	
C. Labour			
	2.0	hours/feeder/year	
<u> </u>	\$11.00	<u>/hour</u>	
=	\$22.00	/feeder	

#### **Organic Assumptions**

- 1. Average daily gain (ADG) was assumed to be 2.25 lbs/day.
- 2. It was assumed the feeder steer weighed in at 575 lbs. shrunk weight, and was raised to 900 lbs (846 lbs after 6 % shrink).
- 3. Days on feed was 144.
- 4. Investment in facilities and equipment was assumed to handle 150 head.

#### **Backgrounding Cattle Production Cost Worksheet**

A. Operating Costs			Your Cost
1. Feed Costs			
1.01 Ground Barley			
	144.00	days on ground barley	
X	6.50	lbs/feeder/day	
÷	48.00	lbs/bu	
X	\$5.00	/bu	
=	\$97.50	/feeder	
	40		
1.02 Barley Silage			
, ,	144.00	days on silage	
×	34.00	lbs/feeder/day	
÷	2000.00	lbs/ton	
×	\$35.00	/ton	
=	\$85.68	/feeder	
1.03 Hay			
,	15.00	days on hay	
X	5.00	lbs/feeder/day	
÷	2000.00	lbs/ton	
$\underline{x}$	\$65.00	/ton	
=	\$2.44	/feeder	-
1.04 Supplement( Sa	lt,Minerals,Vita	mins, lonophore)	
	144.00	days on supplement	
X	1.00	lbs/feeder/day	
÷	2205.00	lbs/tonne	
X	\$285.00	<u>/tonne</u>	
=	\$18.61	/feeder	

2.	Other	Operating Costs	
	2.01	Feeder Cattle Cos	:1

Commission Insurance	\$0.00 \$0.00	/feeder /feeder	
Trucking-in x  ± =	\$0.00 575 <u>100</u> \$0.00	/cwt lbs/feeder <u>lbs/cwt</u> /feeder	
Feeder x ÷ =	575 \$145.25 <u>100</u> \$835.19	lbs/feeder /cwt <u>lbs/cwt</u> /feeder	
Total =	\$835.19	/feeder	
2.02 Straw  X X =	4.00 144.00 \$20.00 \$5.76	lbs/feeder/day days on feed /ton /feeder	
2.03 Veterinary Medicine Cattle Medication	& Supplies		
+ + + + + + = =	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00	IBR,BVD,PI3,BRSV,Pastearella Vitamin A-D External & Internal Parasites Blackleg & Haemophilus Growth Implants Antibiotics /feeder	
Herd Health Program Professional Services  x  ± =	\$135.00 10.00 <u>150.00</u> \$9.00	/hour charge hours feeder cattle /feeder	
Transportation Costs  x x  ± =	\$1.00 80 4 150 \$2.13	/km charge kilometres visits feeder cattle /feeder	

Total =	\$11.13	/feeder	
2.04 Annual Fuel & Repa	air Costs		
	\$300.00	repairs	
+	\$600.00	fuel costs	
÷	<u>150</u>	feeder cattle	
· =	\$6.00	/feeder	
2.05 Utilities			
	\$570.00	cost/year	
<u>÷</u>	150	feeder cattle	
=	\$3.80	/feeder	
2.06 Feeder Selling Cos	t		
Trucking			
9	900	lbs/feeder	
÷	100	lbs/cwt	
<u>X</u>	\$0.00	trucking cost/cwt	
=	\$0.00	/feeder	
MCEC Foo MCDA lover o	olling commi	agian	
MCEC Fee, MCPA levy, se	\$2.00	MCEC Fee	
+	\$3.00	MCPA Levy	
	\$15.50	•	
<u>+</u> =	\$20.50	/feeder	***************************************
	<b>4</b> _0.00	7,000.0	
Total =	\$20.50	/feeder	
2.07 Insurance			
2.07 msdrance	\$42,150	building & equipment investment	
Х	\$0.45	/\$100 capital	-
÷	100	/\$100	
÷	150	feeder cattle	-
=	\$1.26	/feeder	
	\$121,186	herd investment	-
X	\$0.00	/\$100 capital	
÷	100	/\$100	
<u>÷</u> _	150 00.00	feeder cattle	
=	\$0.00	/feeder	
	\$49.00	additional coverage for liability	
÷	<u>150</u>	feeder cattle	
=	\$0.33	/feeder	-

Total =	\$1.59	/feeder	
2.08 Manure Removal			
	\$960	annual removal cost	
÷	<u>150</u>	feeder cattle	
=	\$6.40	/feeder	
2.09 Barn & Office Suppl	ies		
	\$500.00	total barn expenses	
÷	<u>150</u>	feeder cattle	
=	\$3.33	/feeder	
2.10 Death Loss			
	\$835.19	feeder cattle cost	
+	\$982.38	maximum value	
- ,	\$34.00	selling costs	
÷	2.00	average	
<u>X</u>	2.00	% mortality rate	
=	\$17.84	/feeder	
2.11 Operating Interest			
	jed on one h	alf the subtotal operating costs)	
	\$835.19	feeder cost	
+	\$123.79	½ of feed & other costs	
X	6.50	% operating interest	
X	144.00	days on feed	
· :	365.00	days /year /feeder	
-	\$24.59	needer	

B. 3.

### **Capital Costs**

Buildings, Corrals & Wate Windbreak fence Pens Handling Facilities Waterers Bunk Feeders Well & Pressure System Grain Bin Landscaping Total	r System		\$2,700 \$1,600 \$1,800 \$1,650 \$6,000 \$1,400 \$1,200 \$2,400 \$18,750	
Machinery & Equipment Tractor & Loader Miscellaneous Total Total Investment			\$10,000 \$13,400 \$23,400 \$42,150	
3.01 Buildings	ful Life			
	\$18,750 \$1,875 20.00 <u>150.00</u> <b>\$5.63</b>	original cost salvage value years useful life feeder cattle /feeder		
3.02 Machinery & Equipmed  -  ÷  ± =	\$23,400 \$4,680 10.00 <u>150.00</u> <b>\$12.48</b>	original cost salvage value years useful life feeder cattle /feeder		

4. Investment Original Cos	t + Salvage V	alue x Investment Rate	
	2		
4.01 Buildings			
	\$18,750	original cost	
+	\$1,875	salvage value	
÷	2.00	average	
X	4.00	% investment rate	
÷	150.00	feeder cattle	
=	\$2.75	/feeder	
400 Marking 0 Facility			
4.02 Machinery & Equi	•		
	\$23,400	original cost	
+	\$4,680	salvage value	
÷	2.00	average	
X	4.00	% investment rate	
<u>÷</u>	150.00	feeder cattle	
=	\$3.74	/feeder	
C. Labour			

hours/feeder/year

/hour

/feeder

2.0

\$11.00 **\$22.00** 

#### **Conventional Breakeven Calculations**

Cost per lb of gain sold (shrunk weight)	)			
Feed Costs		\$143.55	feed cost	
	÷	271	lbs gained weight	
	=	\$0.53	/lb (gain sold)	
Operating Costs		\$1,019.65	operating costs	
	-	\$751.81	feeder cost	
	÷	271	lbs gained weight	
	=	\$0.99	/lb (gain sold)	
Operating & Labour Costs		\$1,041.65	operating costs	
Operating & Labour Costs		\$751.81	feeder cost	
	÷			-
	=	271	lbs gained weight	
	_	\$1.07	/lb (gain sold)	
Operating & Fixed		\$1,044.25	oper. & fixed costs	
	_	\$751.81	feeder cost	
	÷	271	lbs gained weight	
	=	\$1.08	/lb (gain sold)	
		¥•	···· (gain oota)	
Total Costs		\$1,066.25	total costs	
	_	\$751.81	feeder cost	
	÷	271	lbs gained weight	
	=	\$1.16	/lb (gain sold)	
Breakeven selling price (shrunk weight	)		(3	
Operating Costs	ē.	\$1,019.65	operating costs	
	÷	846	lbs shrunk weight	
	=	\$1.21	/lb	
Operating & Labour Costs		\$1,041.65	operating & labour	
	÷	846	lbs shrunk weight	
	=	\$1.23	/lb	
Operating & Fixed		¢1 044 25	oper 9 fixed costs	
Operating & Fixed	•	\$1,044.25	oper.& fixed costs	
	÷	846	lbs shrunk weight	
	=	\$1.23	/lb	
Total Costs		\$1,066.25	total costs	
	÷	846	lbs shrunk weight	
	=	\$1.26	/lb	
		Ψ1.20		

## Organic Breakeven Calculations

Cost per lb of gain sold (shrunk weight Feed Costs  Operating Costs	t) ÷ =	\$204.23 <u>271</u> <b>\$0.75</b> \$1,140.36	feed cost  Ibs gained weight  /Ib (gain sold)  operating costs	
	- ÷ =	\$835.19 <u>271</u> <b>\$1.13</b>	feeder cost  Ibs gained weight  /Ib (gain sold)	
Operating & Labour Costs	- ÷ =	\$1,162.36 \$835.19 <u>271</u> <b>\$1.21</b>	oper & labour costs feeder cost lbs gained weight /lb (gain sold)	-
Operating & Fixed	- ÷ =	\$1,164.96 \$835.19 <u>271</u> <b>\$1.22</b>	oper. & fixed costs feeder cost lbs gained weight /Ib (gain sold)	
Total Costs	- , ÷	\$1,186.96 \$835.19 <u>271</u> <b>\$1.30</b>	total costs feeder cost lbs gained weight //b (gain sold)	
Breakeven selling price (shrunk weigh Operating Costs	÷ =	\$1,140.36 <u>846</u> <b>\$1.35</b>	operating costs <u>lbs shrunk weight</u> //b	
Operating & Labour Costs	÷ =	\$1,162.36 <u>846</u> <b>\$1.37</b>	operating & labour lbs shrunk weight /Ib	
Operating & Fixed	÷ =	\$1,164.96 <u>846</u> <b>\$1.38</b>	oper.& fixed costs lbs shrunk weight //b	
Total Costs	÷ =	\$1,186.96 <u>846</u> <b>\$1.40</b>	total costs <u>lbs shrunk weight</u> / <b>lb</b>	

#### For more information contact your local MAFRI Office.

Prepared by: Peter Blawat Policy Economist

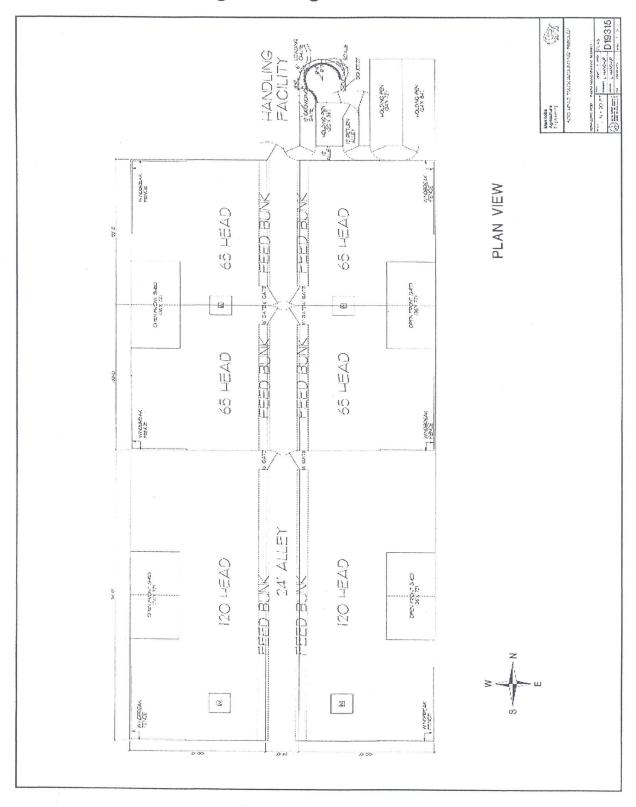
Dena Hunter Business Development Specialist Canada

Marc Boulanger

**Business Development Specialist** 

Robin McRae Food Development

## **Backgrounding Feedlot Facilities**



Prepared by Manitoba Agriculture, Food and Rural Initiatives.

**Growing Opportunities**